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DATE MAILED: 08/26/2003

APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO
10/040,360	01/09/2002	Jong Sun Kim	2336-093	5285
7590 08/26/2003 LOWE HAUPTMAN GOPSTEIN GILMAN & BERNER, LLP Suite 310 1700 Diagonal Road			EXAMINER	
			BUDD, MARK OSBORNE	
Alexandria, VA	1 22314		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			2834	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

Office Action Summary		Application No.	Applicant(s)			
		10/040,360	KIM ET AL.			
		Examiner	Art Unit			
		Mark Budd	2834			
The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address Period for Reply						
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION.  - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.  - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) days will be considered timely.  - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.  - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).  - Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).  Status						
1)	Responsive to communication(s) filed on					
2a)□		s action is non-final.				
3)□						
closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213. <b>Disposition of Claims</b>						
4)🛛	Claim(s) <u>1-8</u> is/are pending in the application.					
4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.						
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.						
6) Claim(s) 1-8 is/are rejected.						
7) Claim(s) is/are objected to.						
8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.						
Application Papers						
9) The specification is objected to by the Examiner.						
10)☐ The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a)☐ accepted or b)☐ objected to by the Examiner.						
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).						
11) The proposed drawing correction filed on is: a) □ approved b) □ disapproved by the Examiner.						
If approved, corrected drawings are required in reply to this Office action.						
12) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner.						
Priority under 35 U.S.C. §§ 119 and 120						
13) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).						
a)[∑	☑ All b) ☐ Some * c) ☐ None of:					
	<ol> <li>Certified copies of the priority documents</li> </ol>	have been received.				
:	<ol><li>Certified copies of the priority documents</li></ol>	have been received in Application	on No			
<ul> <li>3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).</li> <li>* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.</li> </ul>						
14) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for domestic priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(e) (to a provisional application).						
a) ☐ The translation of the foreign language provisional application has been received.						
15) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for domestic priority under 35 U.S.C. §§ 120 and/or 121.						
Attachment(s)						
1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449) Paper No(s) 1-9-02. 4) Interview Summary (PTO-413) Paper No(s) 5) Notice of Informal Patent Application (PTO-152) 6) Other:						
I.S. Patent and Tra	demark Office					

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The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

(a) the invention was known or used by others in this country, or patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country, before the invention thereof by the applicant for a patent.

Claims 1, 4 and 6-8 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(a) as being anticipated by Berlincourt.

Berlincourt (fig. 11) teaches every structural feature set forth in the claims. Note that process or method of manufacturing recitations have long been held to be not limiting in an apparatus claim. A device is blind as to its manufacturing steps. Thus, method recitations have not been given patentable consideration.

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

Claim 2 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Abe or Watanabe in view of Fukuoka, Yang or Ogiso.

Abe (fig. 1) and Watanabe (Figs. 1 & 8) teach the specific transformer structure but don't use electrodes that continue from a side surface onto the top and bottom surfaces. However, Yang (fig. 12b), Ogiso (figs. 2 & 3) and Fukuoka (fig. 3, 12 & 13) teaching three-surface electrodes. Such a construction gives increased adhering area (strength) as well as providing

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optional, convenient, connection regions. Thus for at least these reasons it would have been

obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art to use multi-surface electrodes in Abe or Watanabe.

Claims 3 and 5 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over

Berlincourt.

As pointed out above Berlincourt teaches the transformer structure. Berlincourt does not

teach some specific dimensions and the location of the lead wire connection on an upper surface.

It has long been held that optimizing a known device for a specific application is within the skill

expected of the routineer. Also the specific output connection location is well known per se (see

e.g. applicants fig. 2 & 5a). Thus providing a top center connection point and specific electrode

dimensions for Berlincourt would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art.

Budd/ds

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